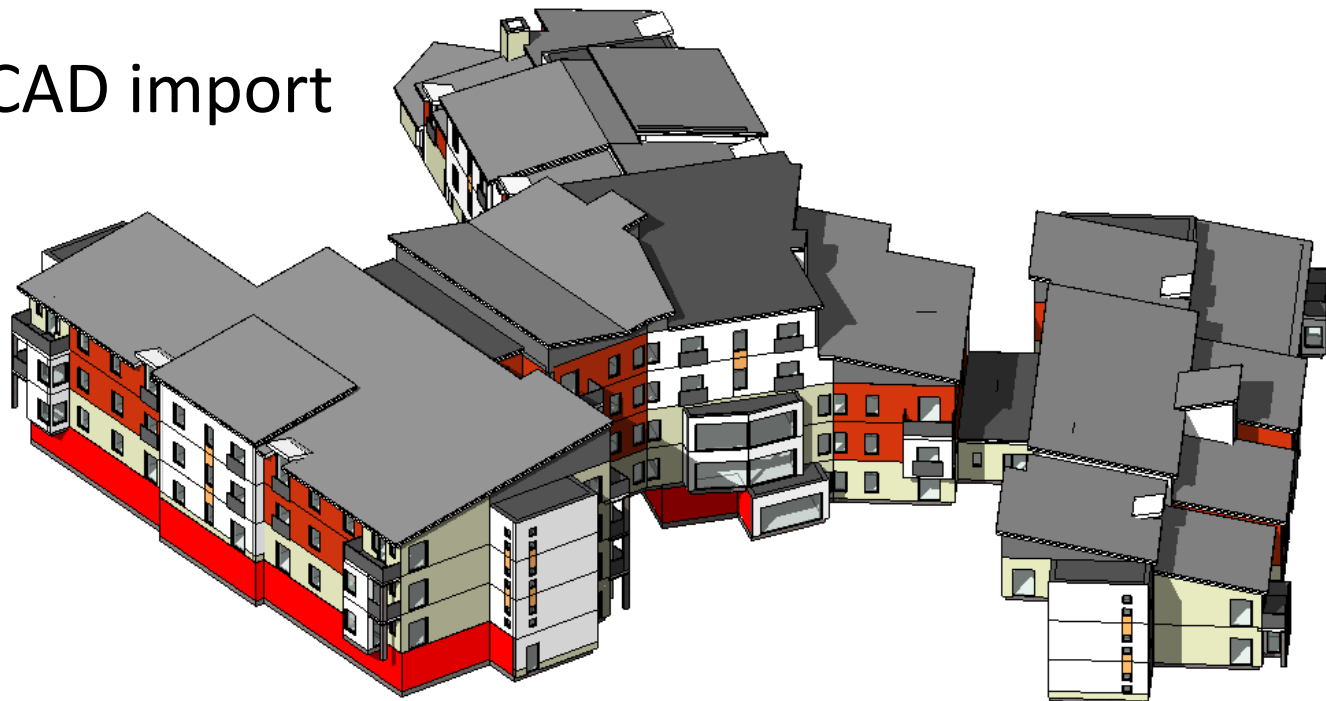


EDSL Tas working in partnership with Cadline & Autodesk

Bringing Green BIM and Sustainable Design to the construction industry

Architectural 3D CAD import

Revit
Architecture
3D Model

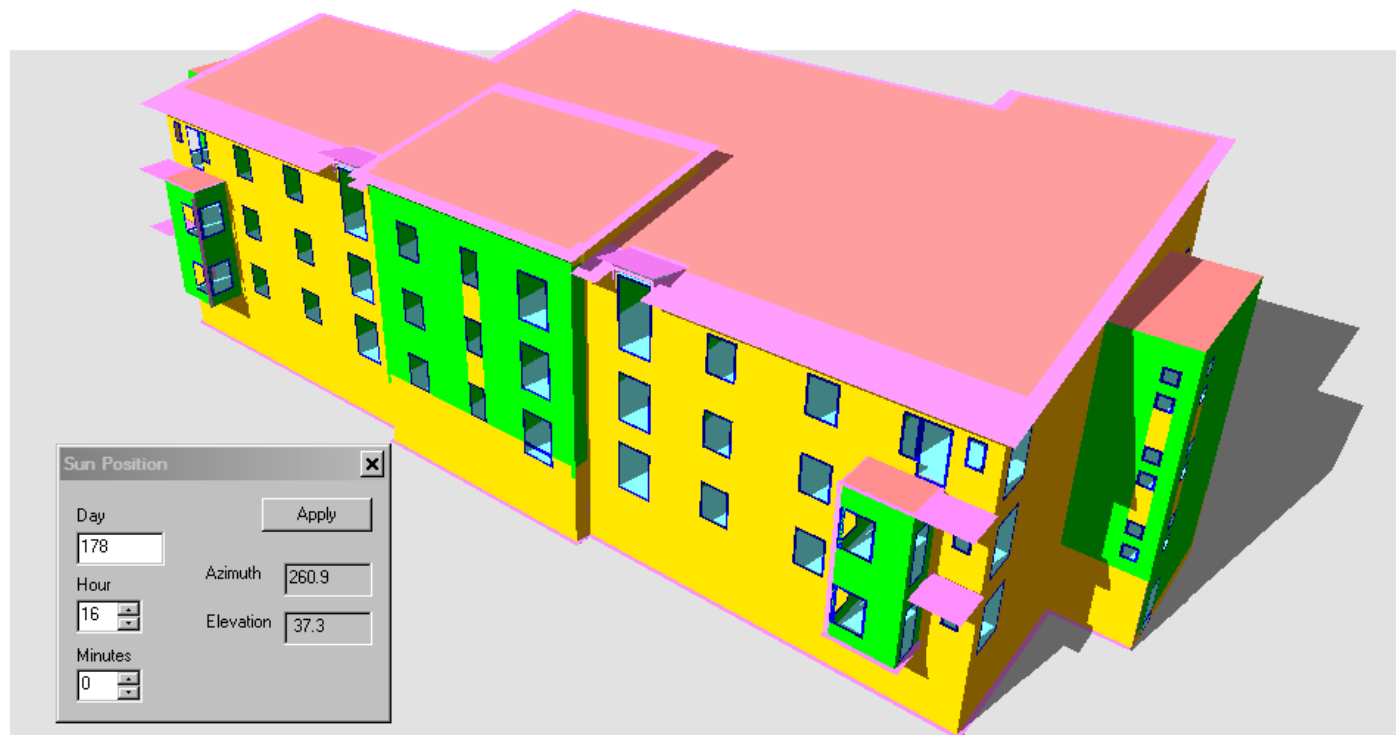


Use REVIT 3D geometry data
using *smart gbXML import*

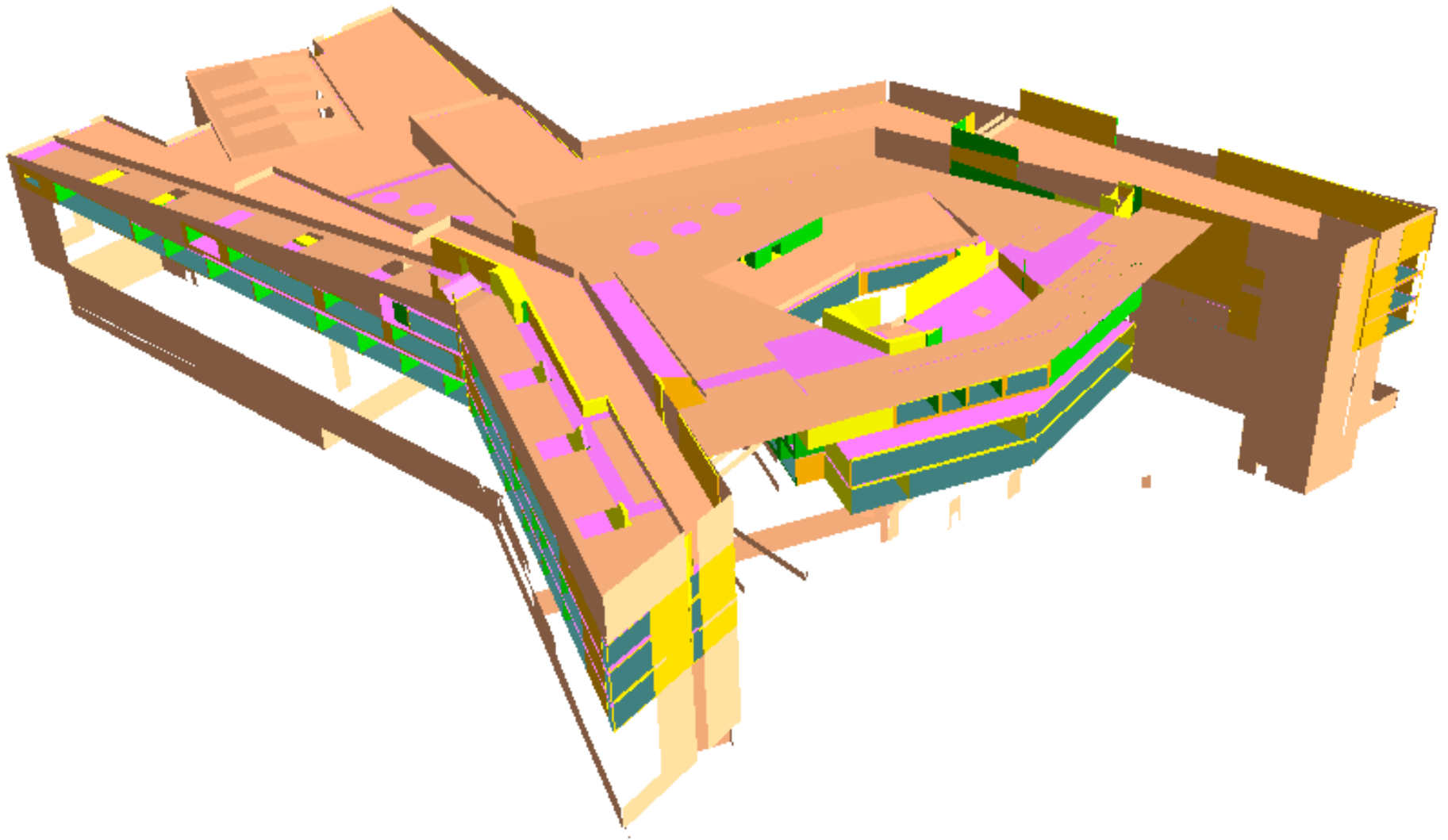
Architectural 3D CAD import

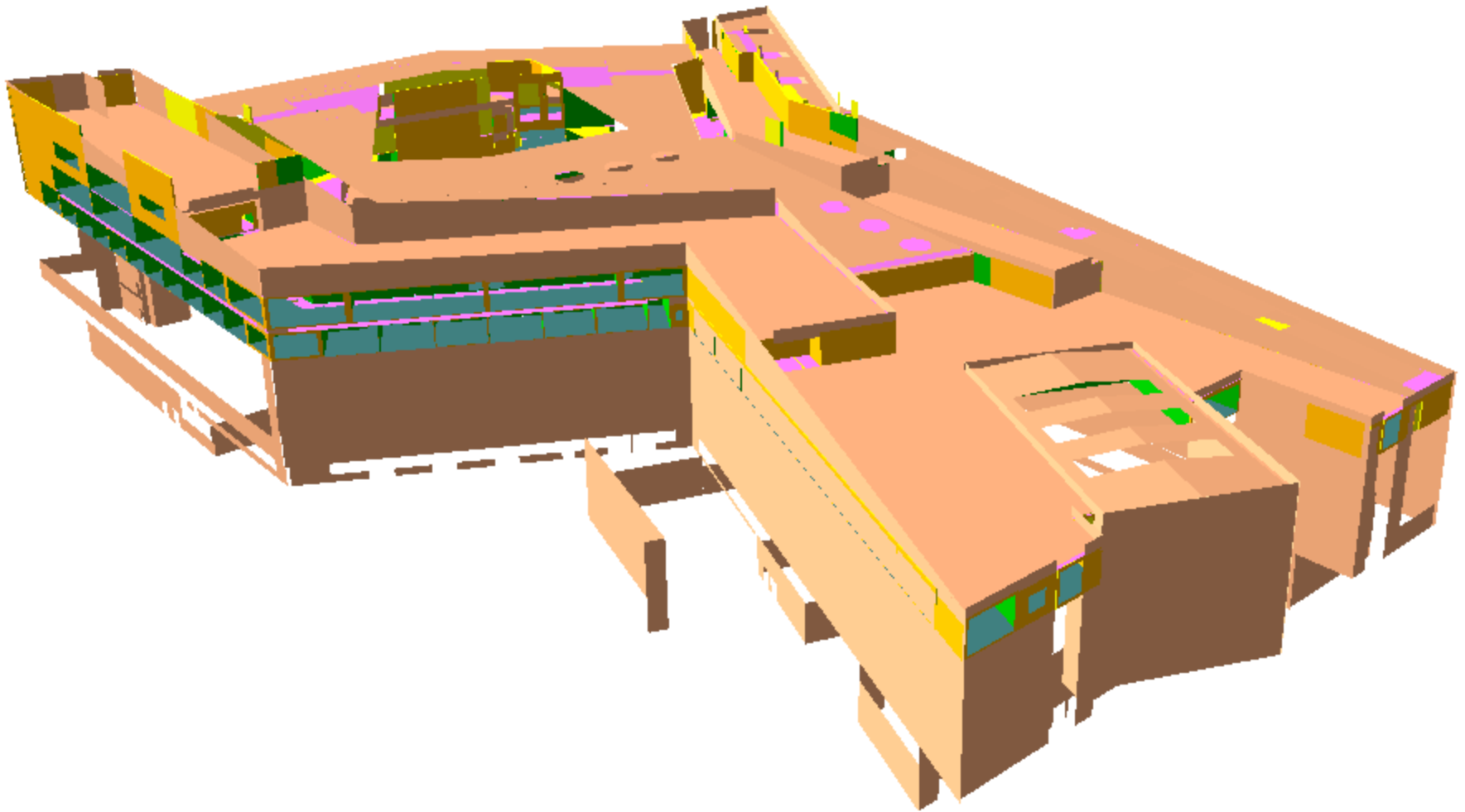
Geometry model with full solar analysis

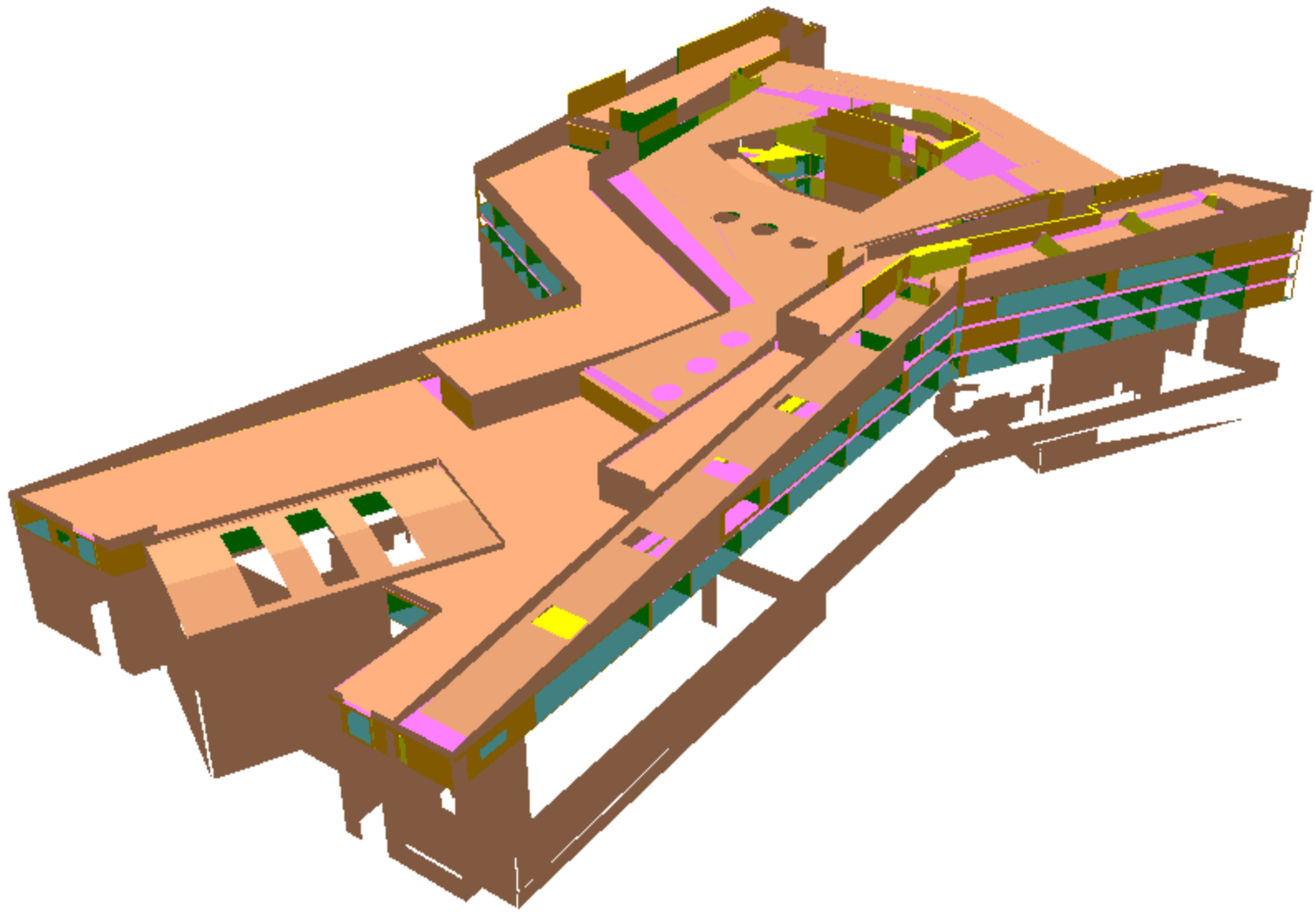
Tas 3D Model
Imported from Revit



Use REVIT 3D geometry data
using *smart gbXML import*

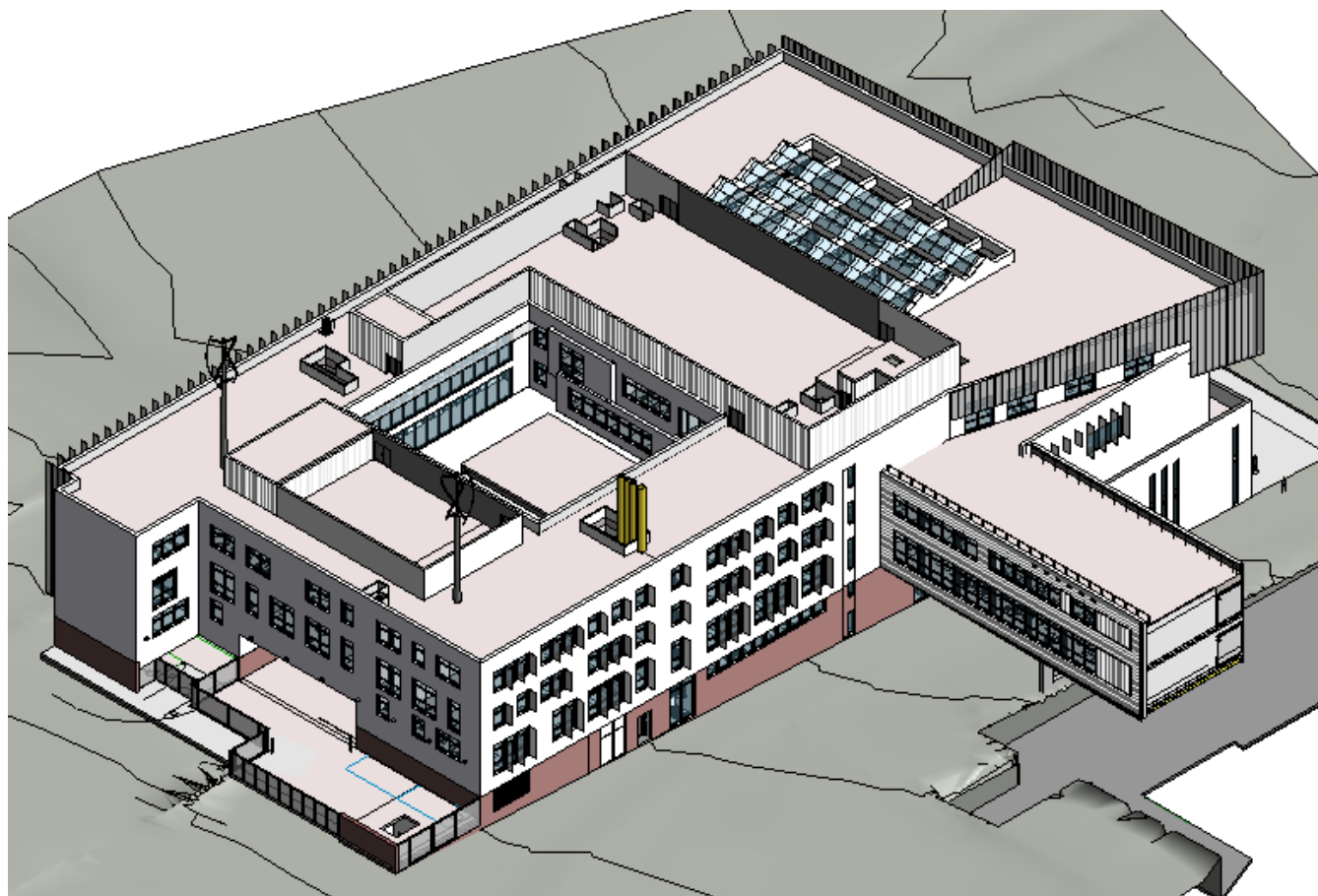




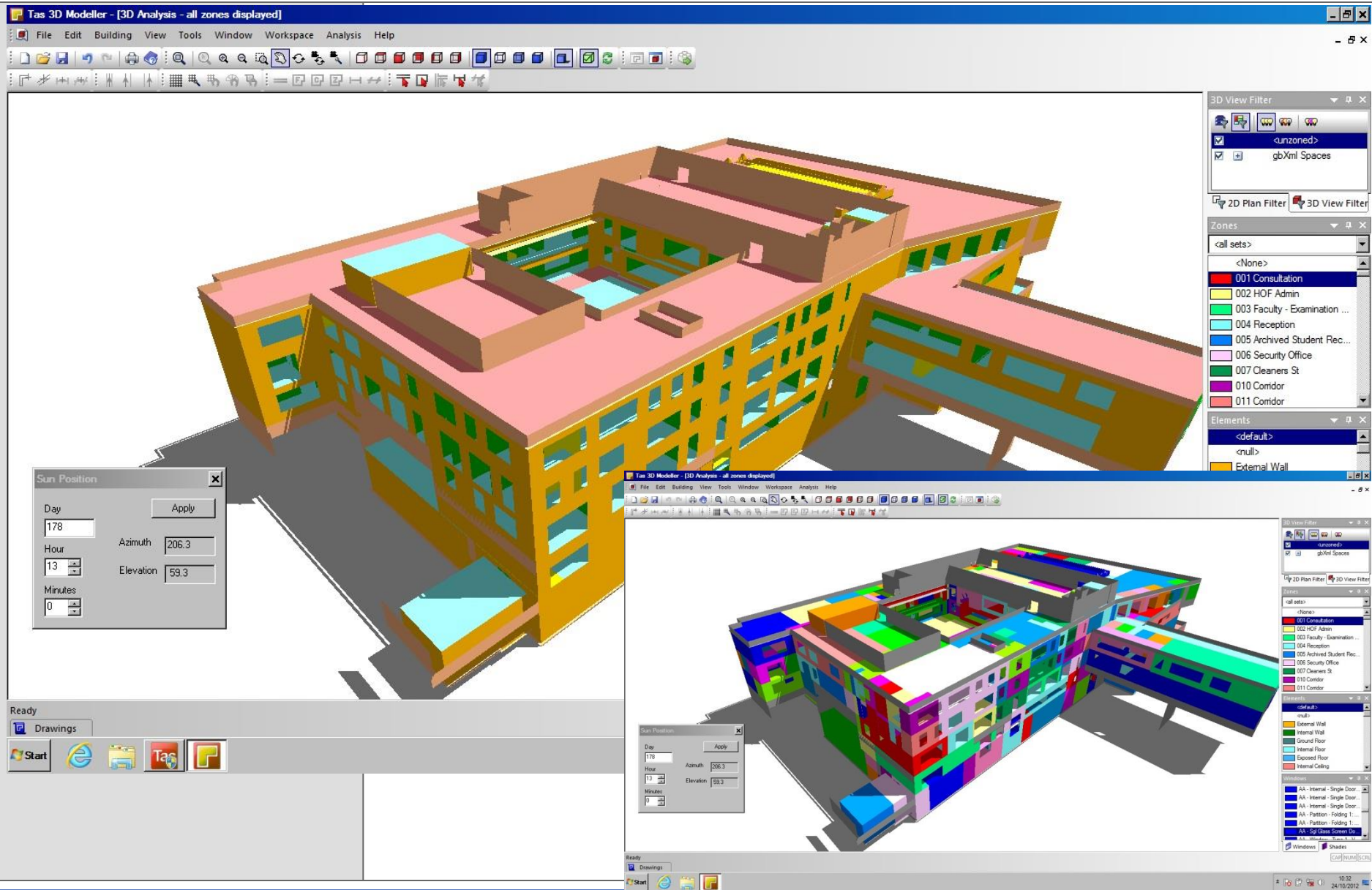


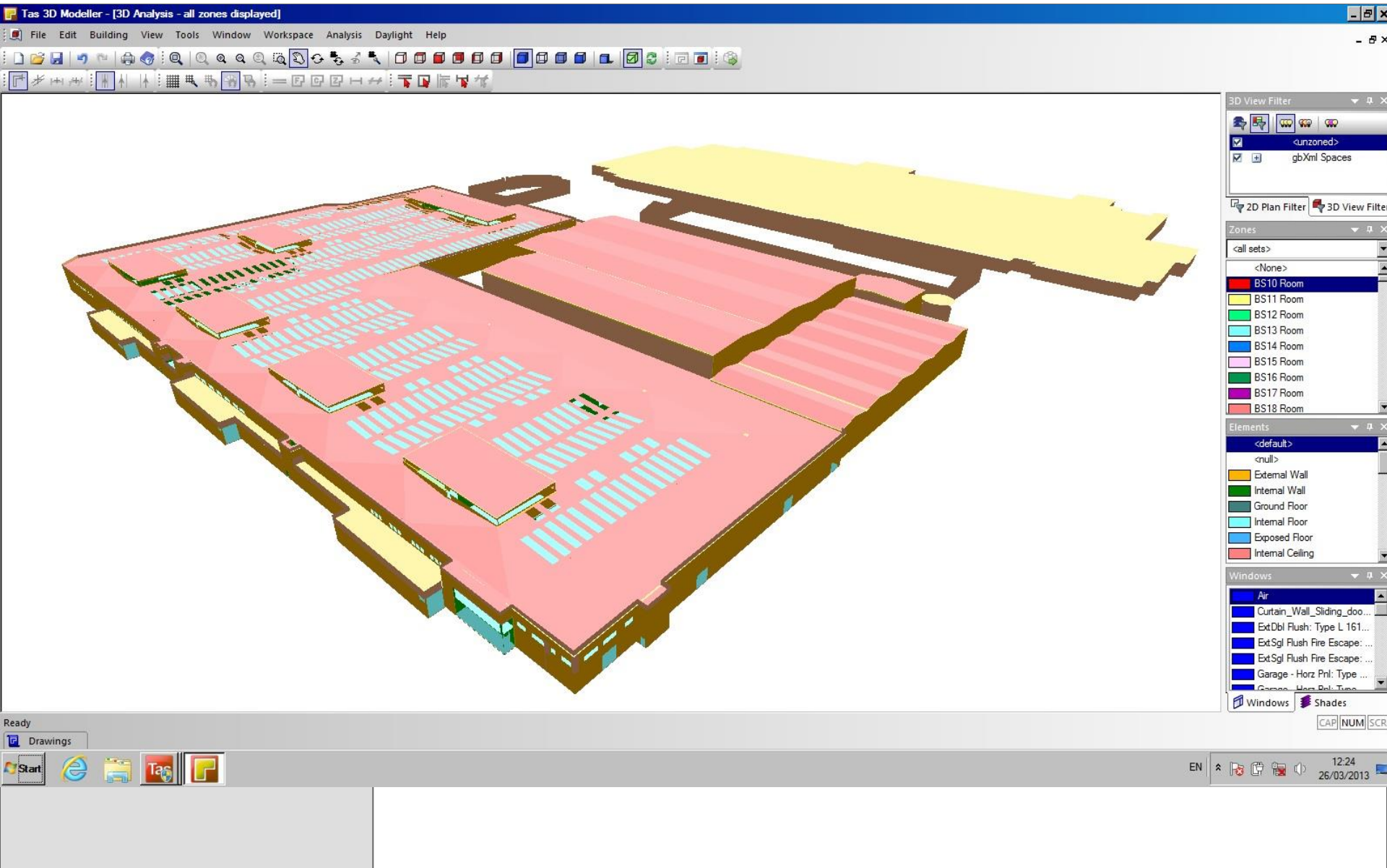
Architectural 3D CAD import

Revit
Architecture
3D Model



Use REVIT 3D geometry data
using *smart gbXML import*





Key development features

The New Generation Tas has been developed with an Automation Interface

This means that 'Apps' can be developed to drive the software to perform specific tasks and procedures

These 'Apps' are called Studios. Here are a few examples...

Tas Engineering Part L2 2010 & EPC Studio

This Studio automatically takes the designer through the stages of performing compliant energy simulations for Part L2 2010 & EPCs



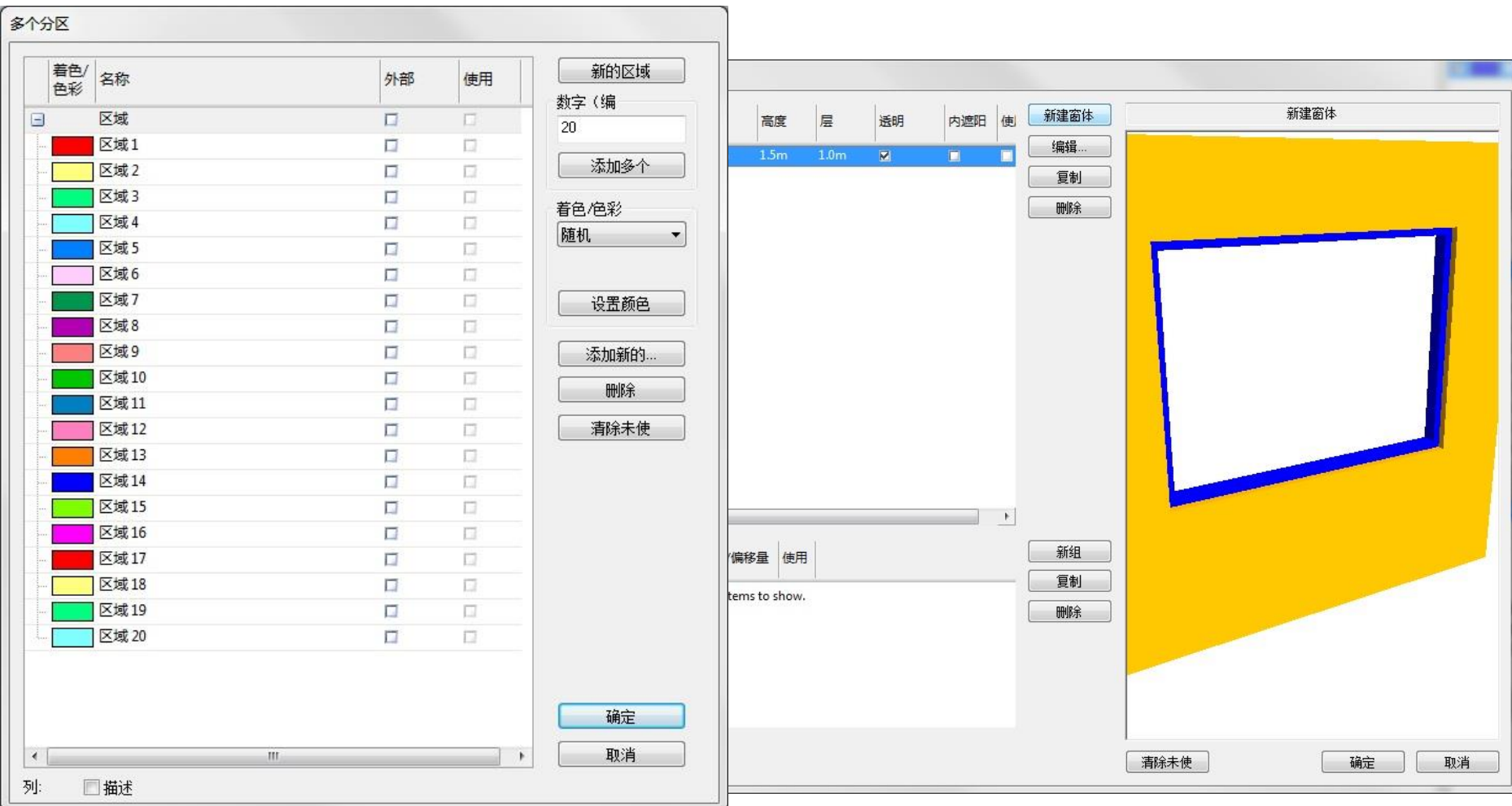
Tas ASHRAE 90.1 Studio for LEED

This Studio automatically takes the designer through the stages of performing a compliant ASHRAE 90.1 energy simulation for LEED credits

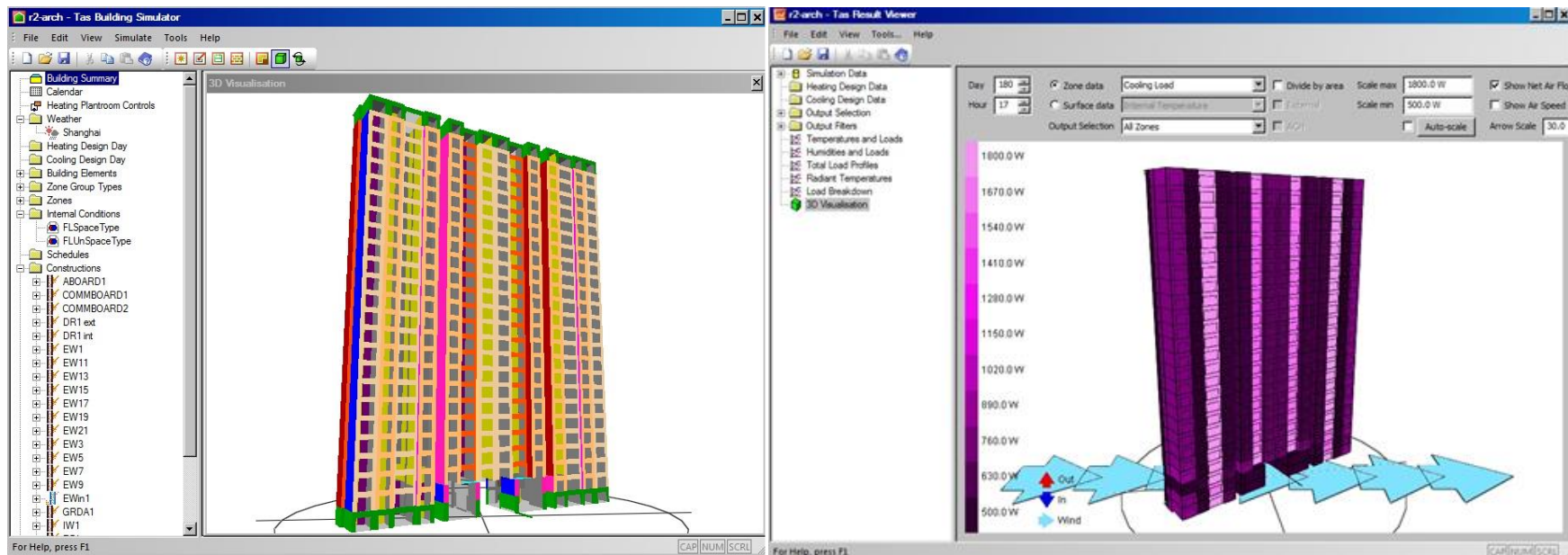


CABR Tas China Academy of Building Research

Tas translation



PKPM PBECA Model data import

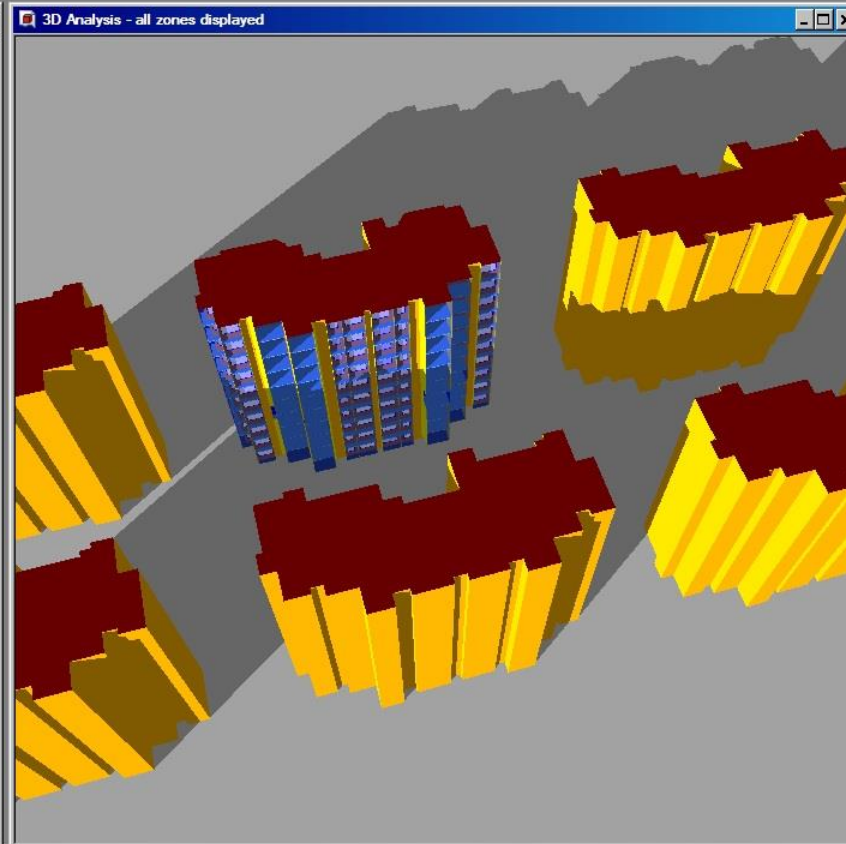


Display of imported PKPM
PBECA building data

3D graphical display of cooling loads

Tas 3D Modeller - green purple peak full glass wall to balconies

File Edit Building View Tools Window Workspace Analysis Daylight Help



3D View Filter

☒ <unzoned>
☒ Zone

2D Plan Filter 3D View Filter

Zones

<all sets>

<None>

- Zone 1
- Zone 2
- Zone 3
- Zone 4
- Zone 5
- Zone 6
- Zone 7
- Zone 8
- Zone 9

Elements

<default>

<null>

- External Wall
- Internal Wall
- Ground Floor
- Internal Floor
- Exposed Floor
- Internal Ceiling

Windows

- 1.5m2
- 1m2
- 3m2
- 4m2
- 5m2
- 6m2

Windows Shades

CAP NUM SCRL

Ready

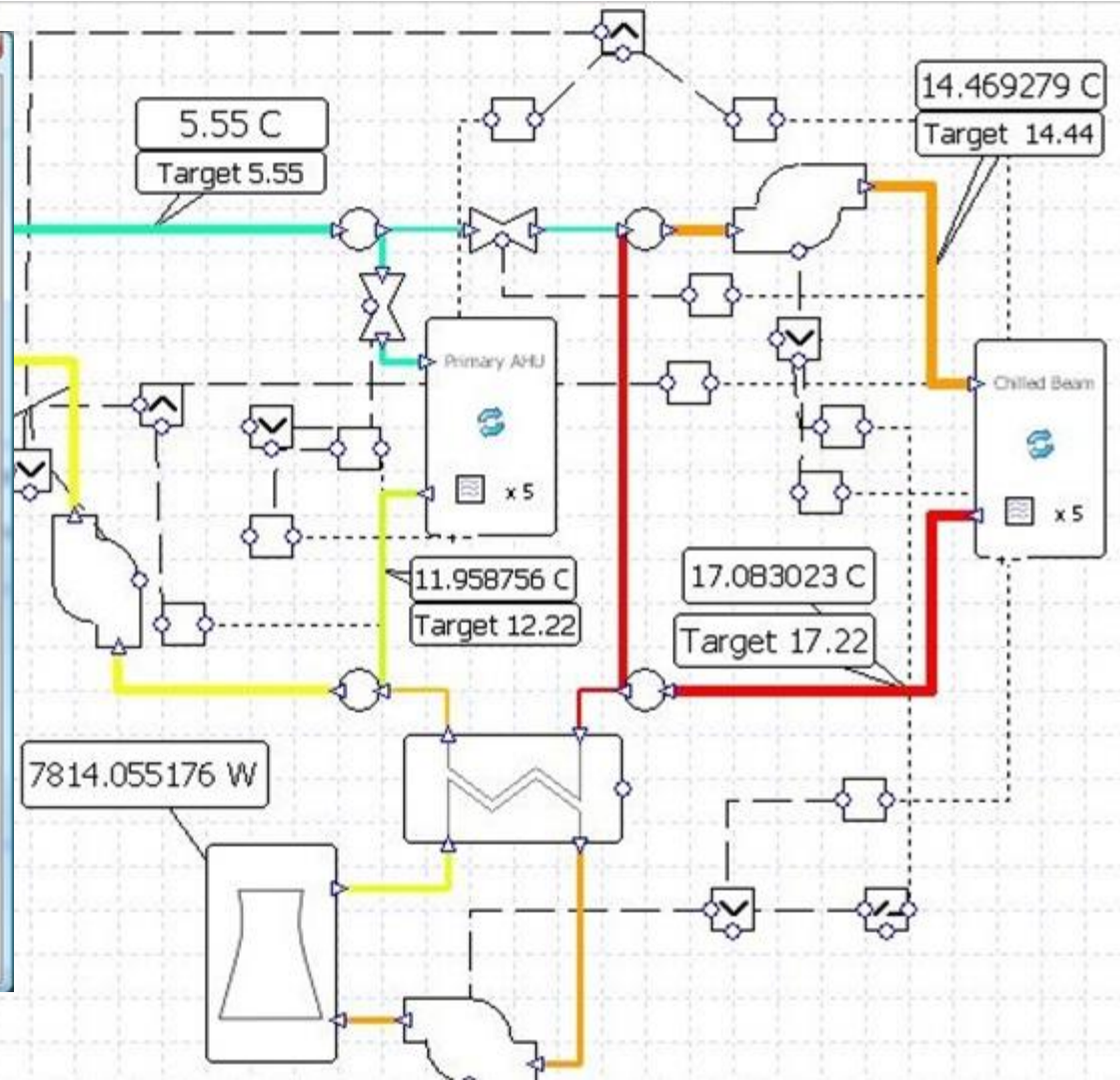
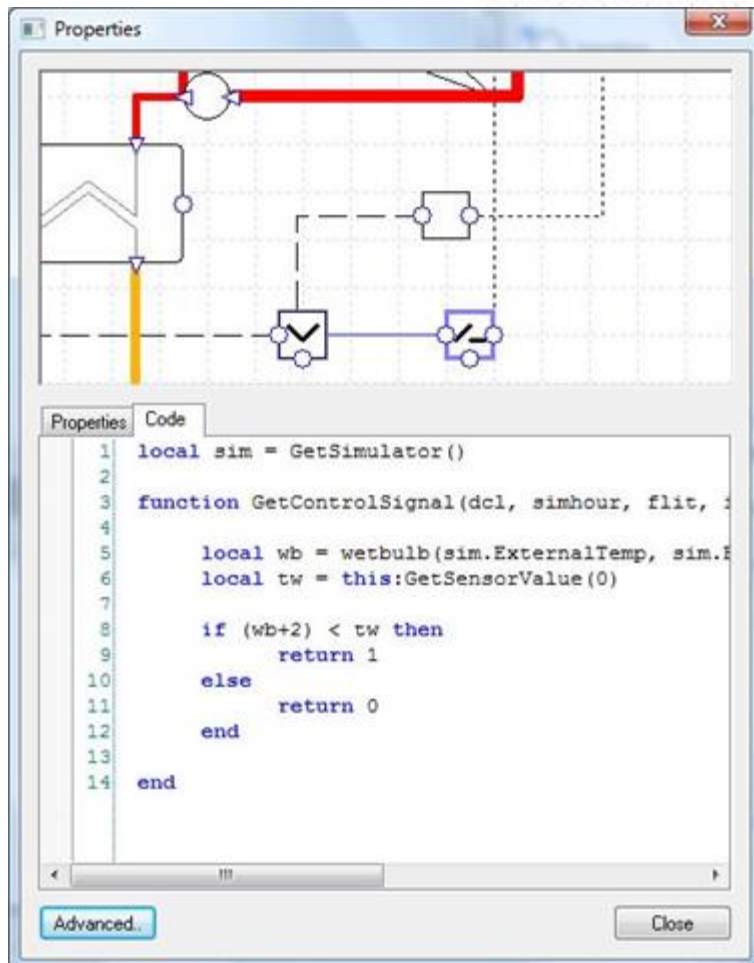
Drawings



EN

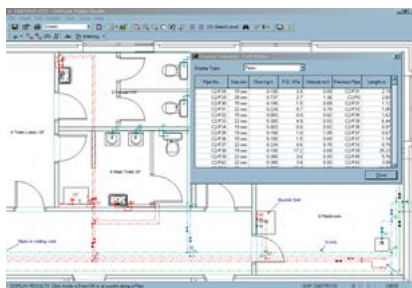
14:48
09/04/2013

Innovative Plant and Controls Design with manufacturers performance data

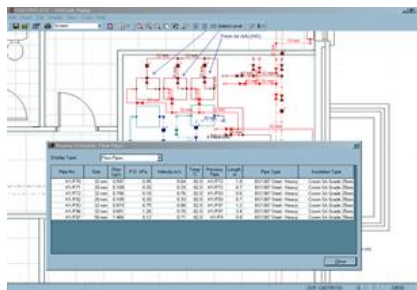




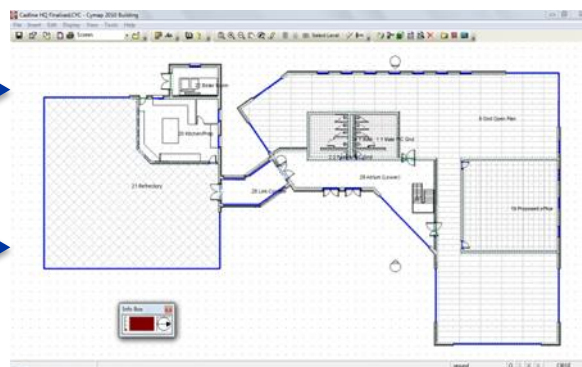
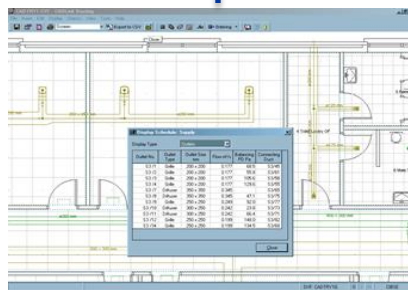
TAS SIMULATION



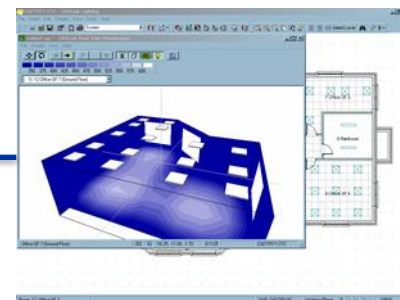
PUBLIC HEALTH



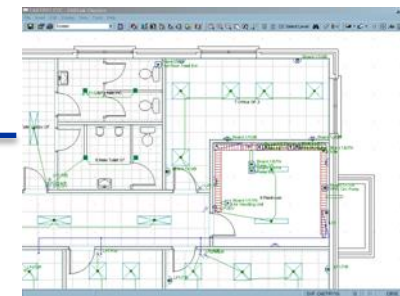
PIPEWORK

CENTRAL BUILDING
MODEL

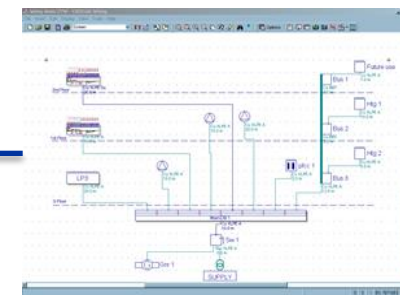
DUCTWORK



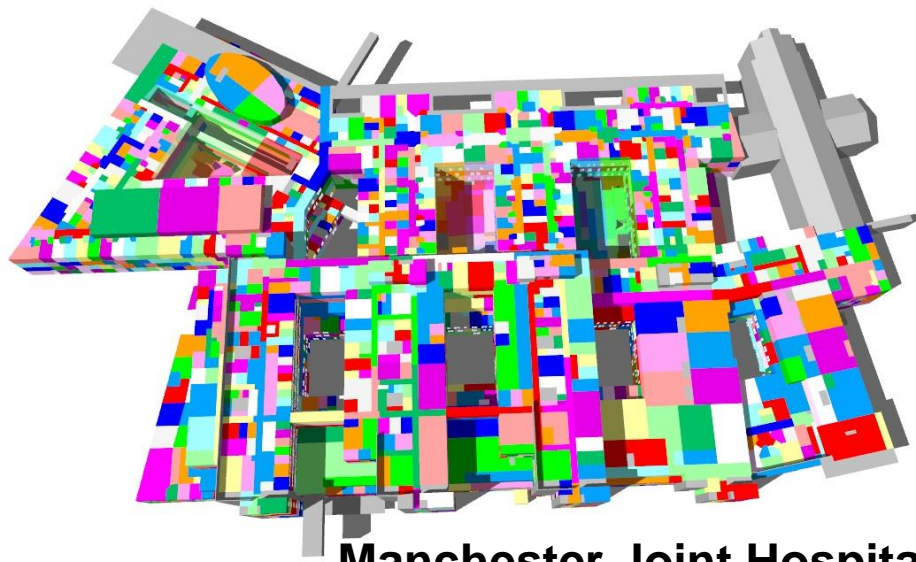
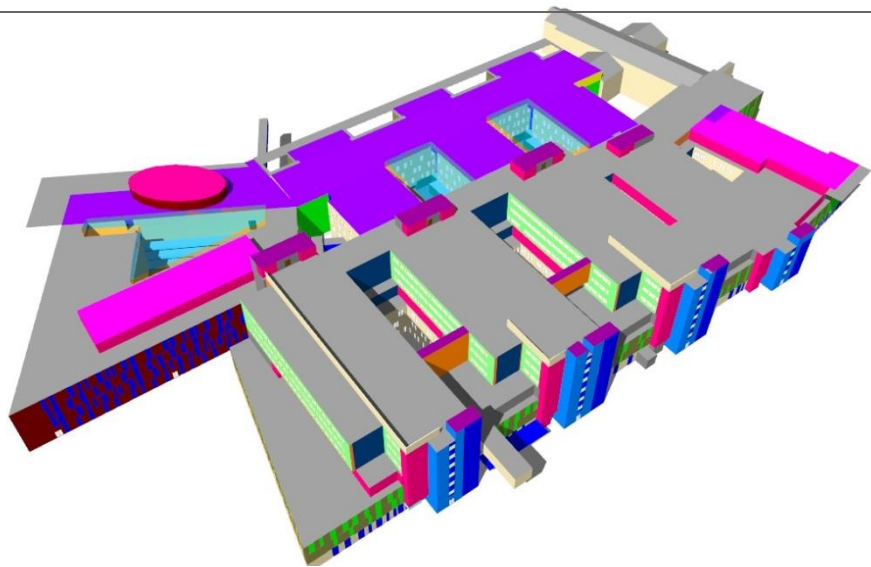
LIGHTING



ELECTRICS



17TH EDITION WIRING



Manchester Joint Hospital CEM



Manchester Joint Hospital
Simulated Energy Use

| | kWh/m2/Year | kWh | GJ/yr | GJ/100m3 |
|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Heating | 129.82 | 12,769,429.05 | 45969.94 | 9.228 |
| DHW | 49.69 | 4,887,957.47 | 17596.65 | 3.532 |
| Cooling | 32.75 | 3,221,054.39 | 11595.80 | 2.328 |
| Fans | 78.00 | 7,672,788.00 | 27,622.04 | 5.545 |
| Pumps | 27.83 | 2,737,780.78 | 9856.01 | 1.978 |
| Lighting | 59.83 | 5,884,837.60 | 21185.42 | 4.253 |
| Small Power | 80.76 | 7,943,954.10 | 28598.23 | 5.741 |
| Catering | 1.22 | 120,000.00 | 432.00 | 0.087 |
| IT Equip | 16.01 | 1,575,048.00 | 5670.17 | 1.138 |
| Humidification | 10.55 | 1,037,554.44 | 3735.20 | 0.750 |
| Theatre Canopies | 8.32 | 818,384.00 | 2946.18 | 0.591 |
| Med Plant | 1.83 | 180,000.00 | 648.00 | 0.130 |
| Lift & Entrance Doors | 7.22 | 710,155.31 | 2,556.56 | 0.513 |
| Refrigeration | 0.34 | 33,408.00 | 120.27 | 0.024 |
| Total (excluding CSSD) | 504.17 | 49,592,351.14 | 178,532.46 | 35.837 |
| CSSD (electrical) | 6.60 | 649,284.00 | 2,337.42 | 0.469 |
| CSSD (gas) | 20.24 | 1,990,476.00 | 7,165.71 | 1.438 |
| Total (including CSSD) | 531.00 | 52,232,111.14 | 188,035.60 | 37.745 |

Monitored energy
use ~**39GJ/100m3**

Tas Daylight

Lightworks in Tas

Radiosity and Ray Tracing

Radiosity is computed in object-space, diffuse light

View independent-whole space analysis allows camera to move

Ray tracing is an image-space algorithm, specular light

If the camera is moved, we have to start again

Tested against CIE 171:2006 test cases to assess the accuracy of lighting computer programs

Tas daylight (radiosity and Ray trace) Daylight only imbedded with building simulation

Radiance (Ray trace only) Daylight with some artificial lighting coupled to building simulation

Agi32 (Radiosity and Ray trace) Mainly artificial lighting but can do daylight

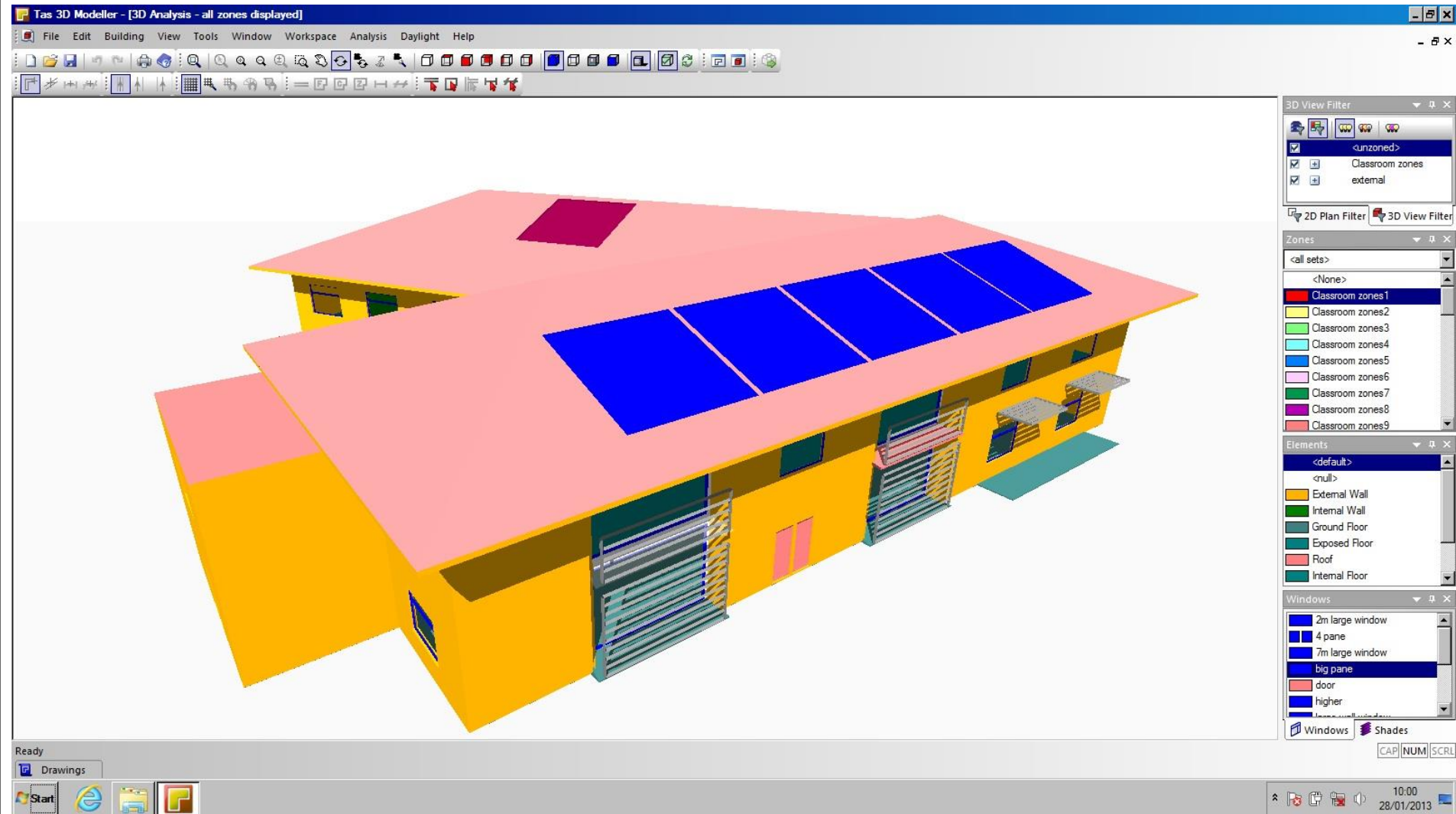
Dialux (Radiosity and Ray trace) Mainly artificial lighting but can do daylight

Tas Daylight

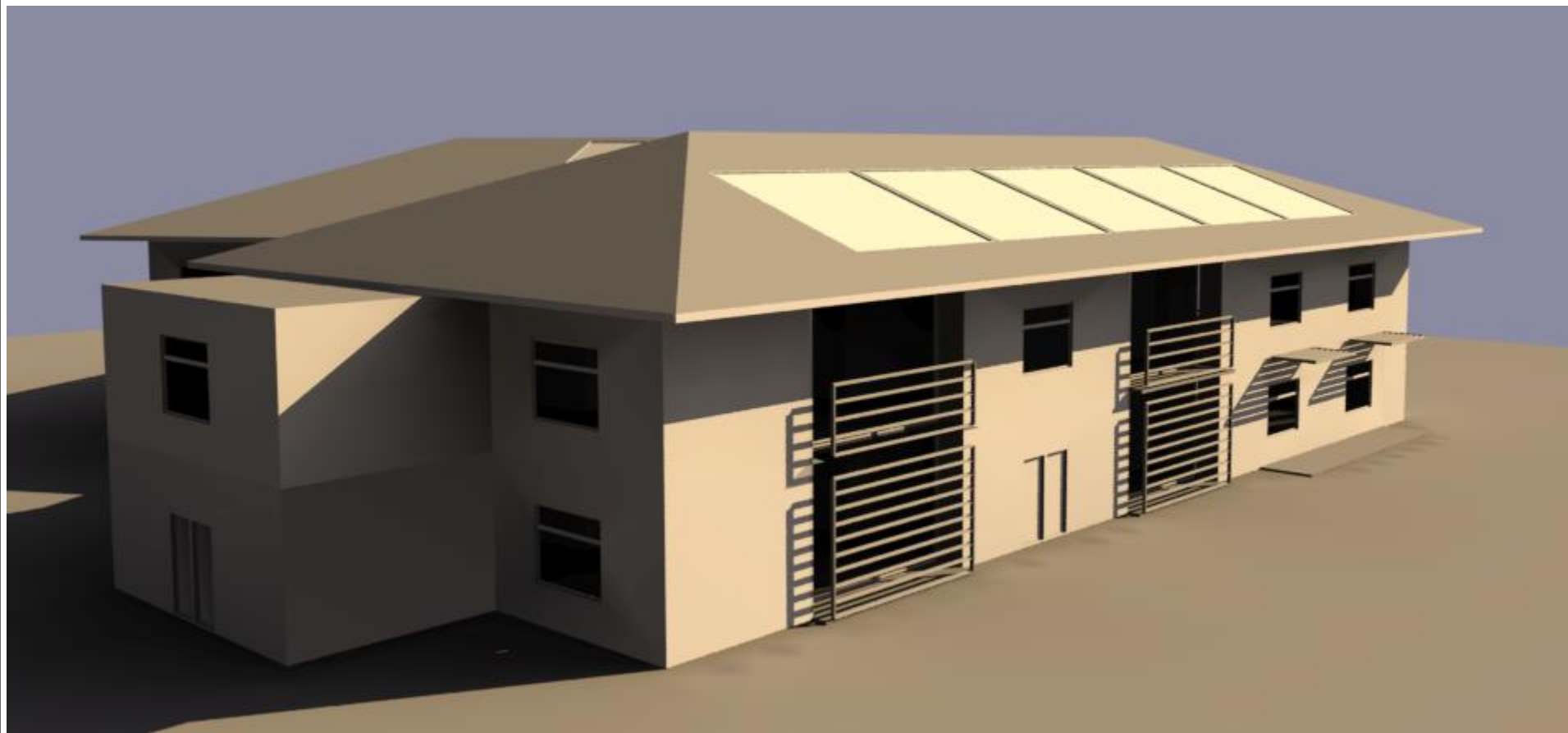
Radiosity Examples

**Radiosity****Raytracing**

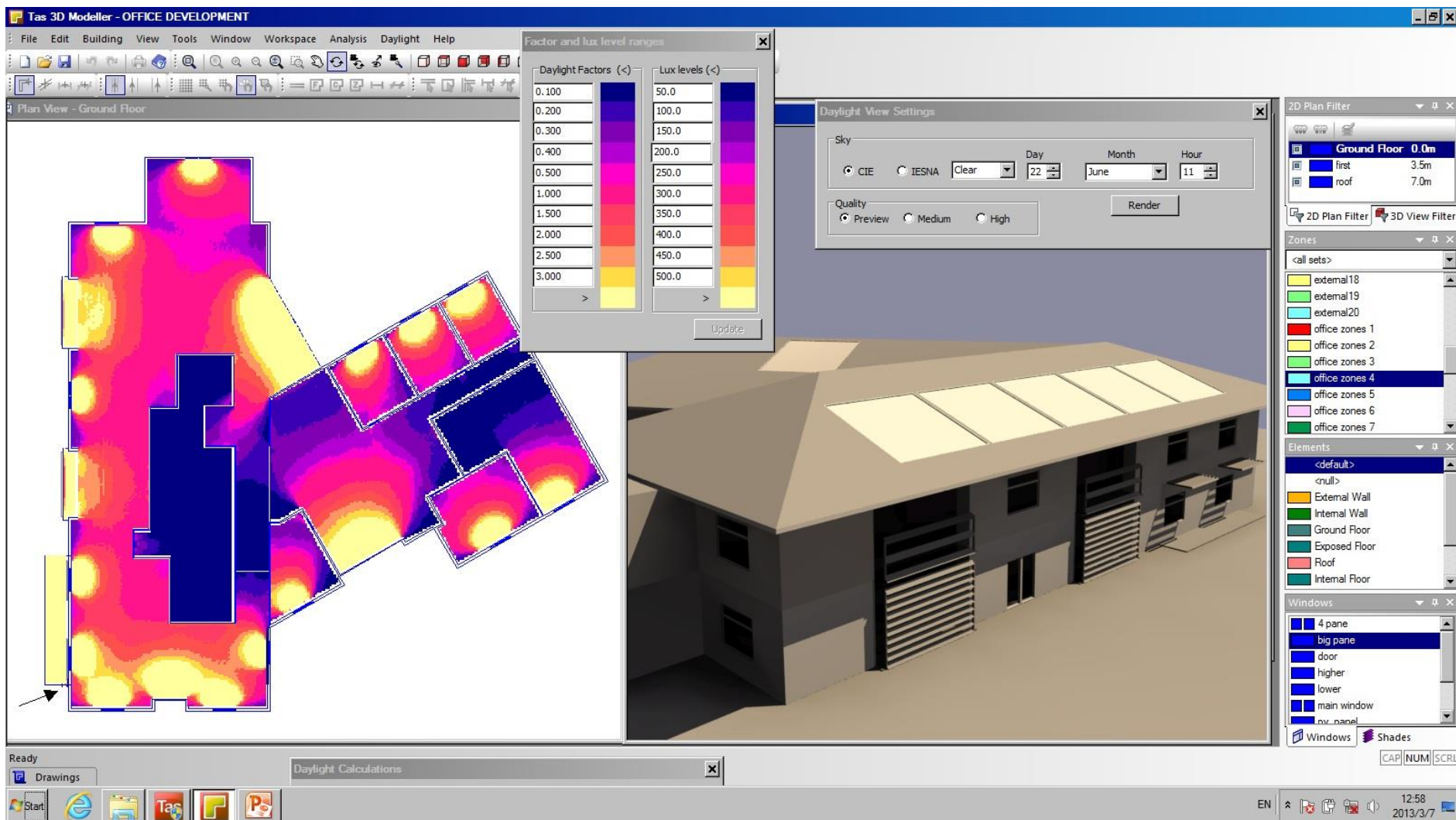
Tas Daylight



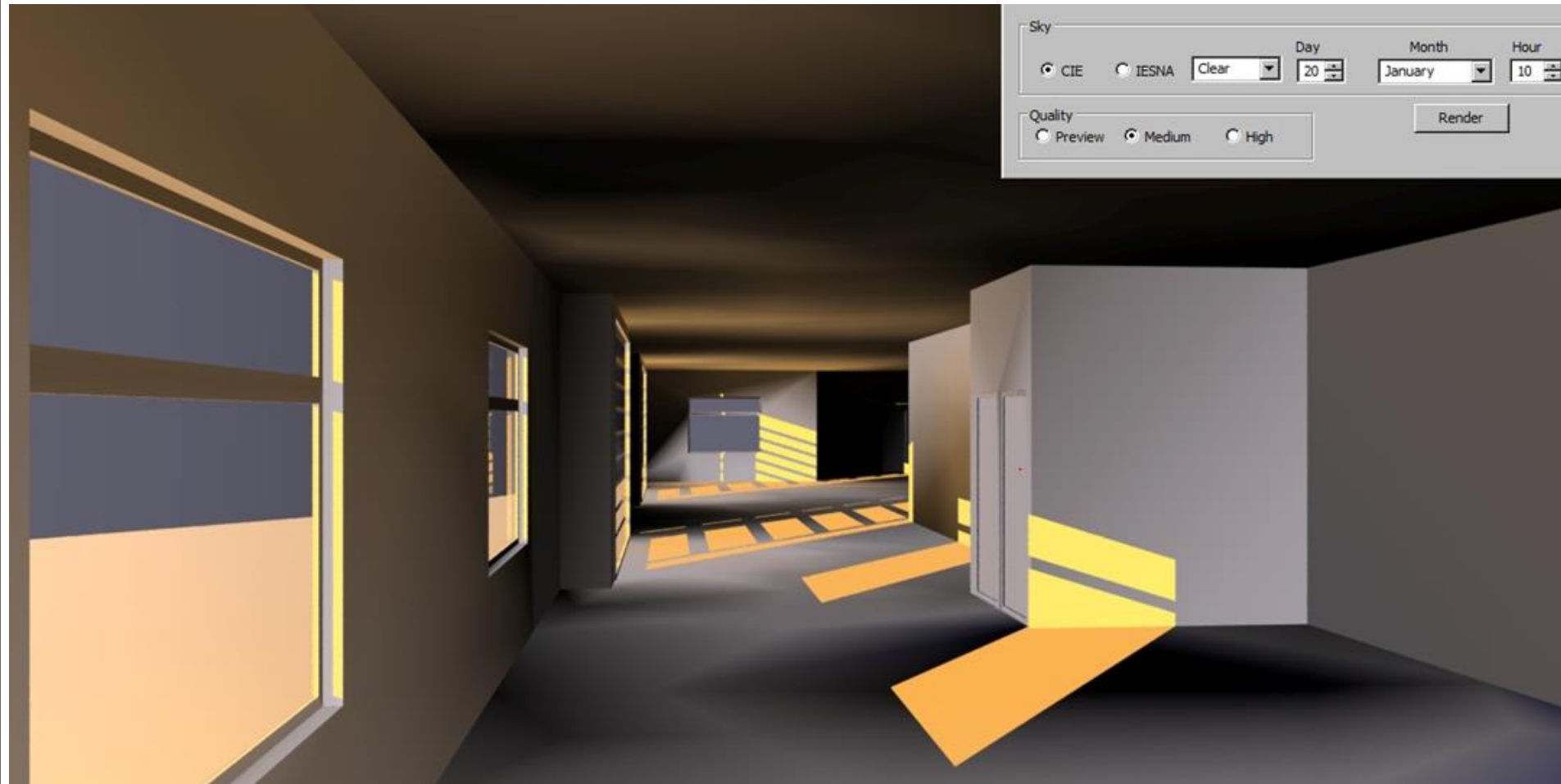
Tas Daylight



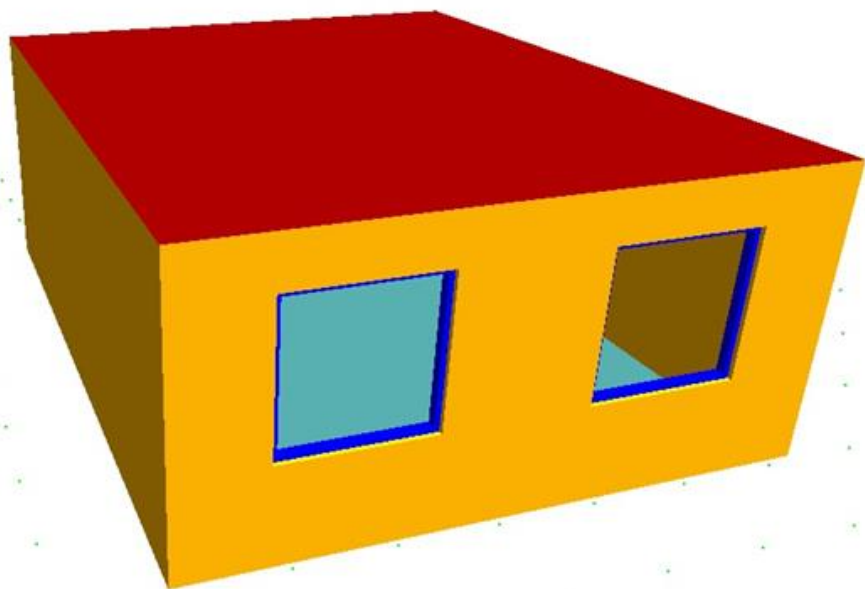
Tas Daylight



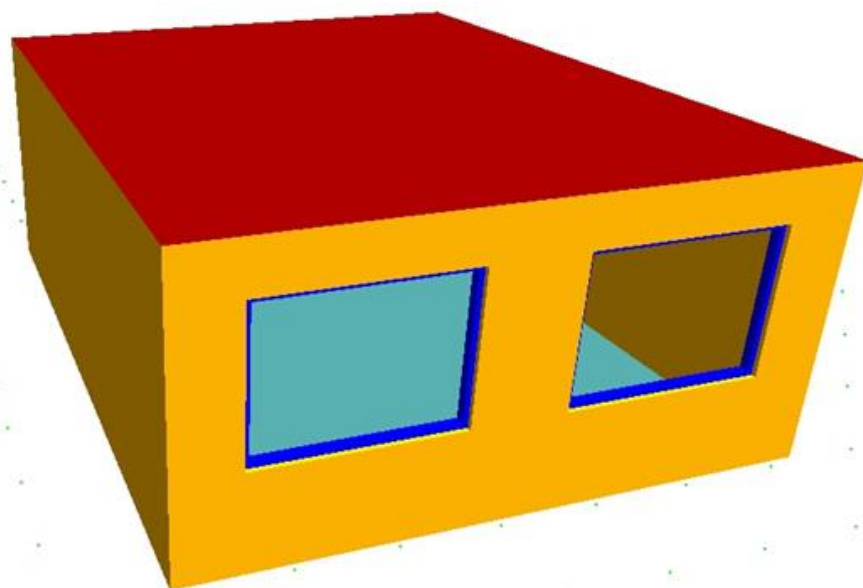
Tas Daylight



Tas Daylight



Tas Radiosity window size for 2% DF

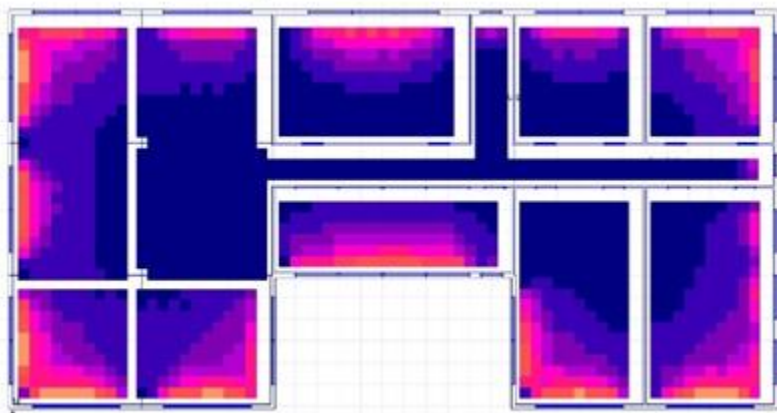


Split Flux window size for 2% DF

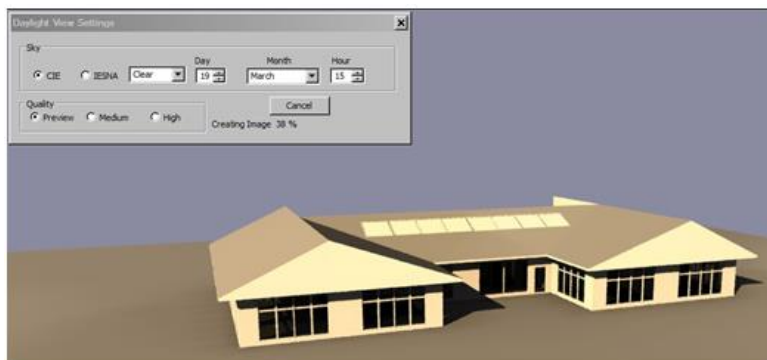
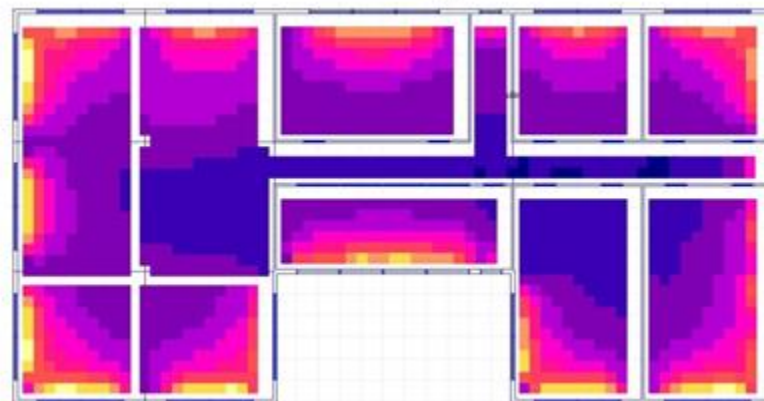
30% more window area is required with the Split Flux method to achieve the same daylight factor, which means 30% more solar gain!

Tas Daylight

Split Flux



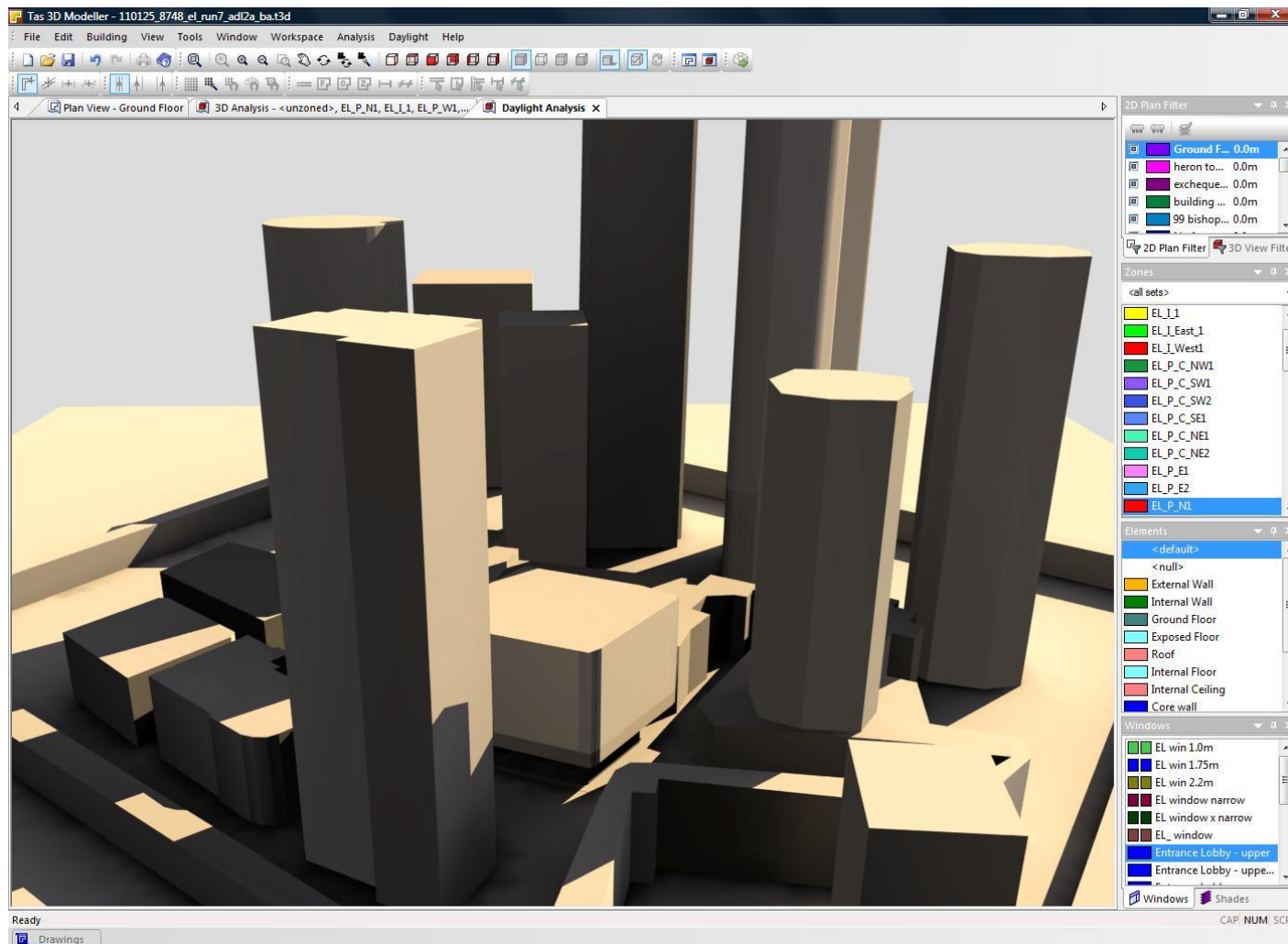
Radiosity



Radiosity average DF ~4 %
85% of area >2%

Split Flux average DF ~2 %
45% of area >2%

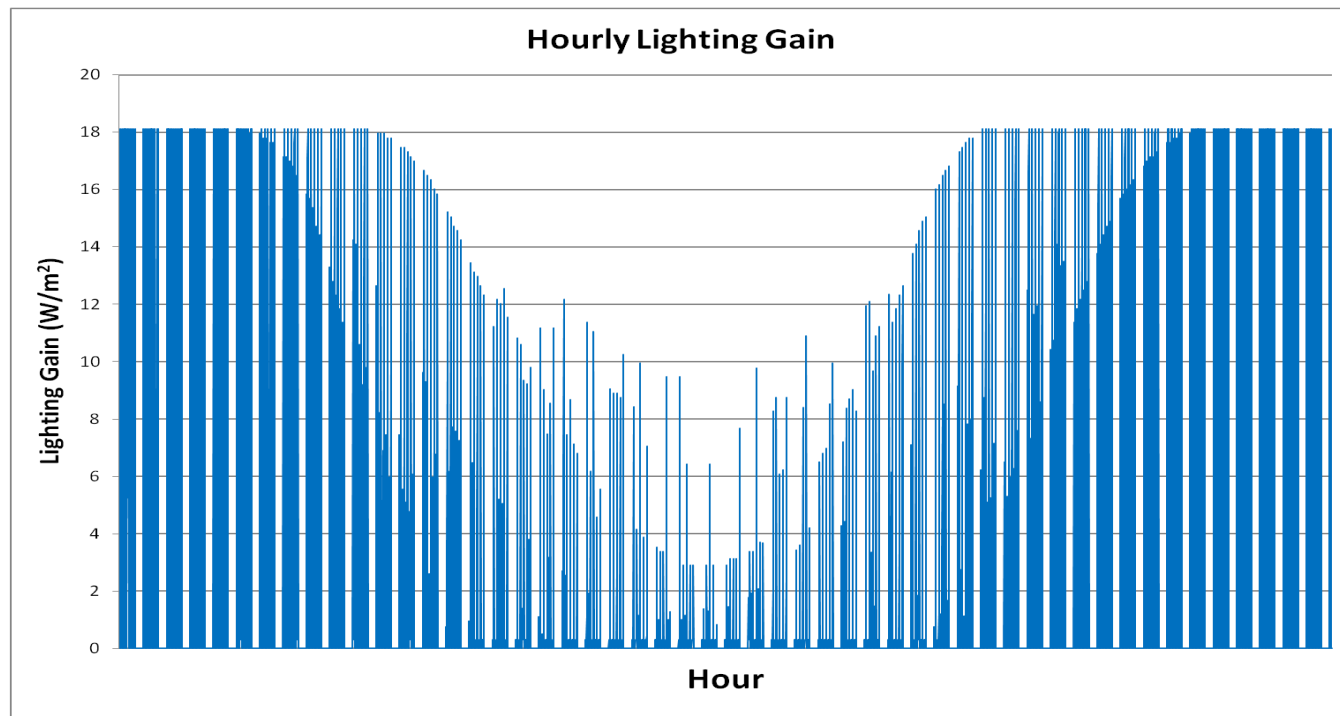
Cityscape Daylight Simulation



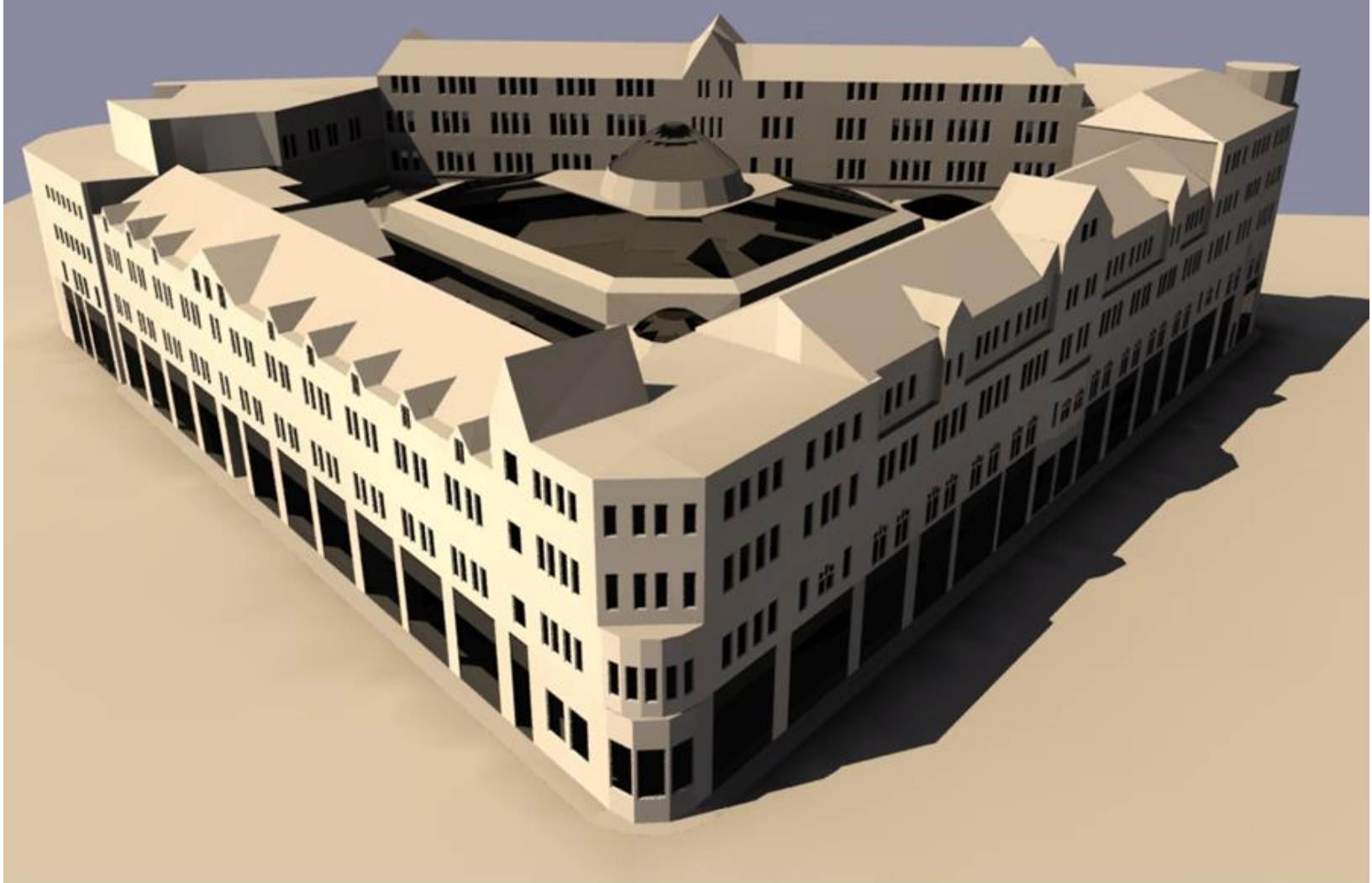
Tas Daylight

Climate based modelling of hourly daylight based saving on artificial lighting energy use.

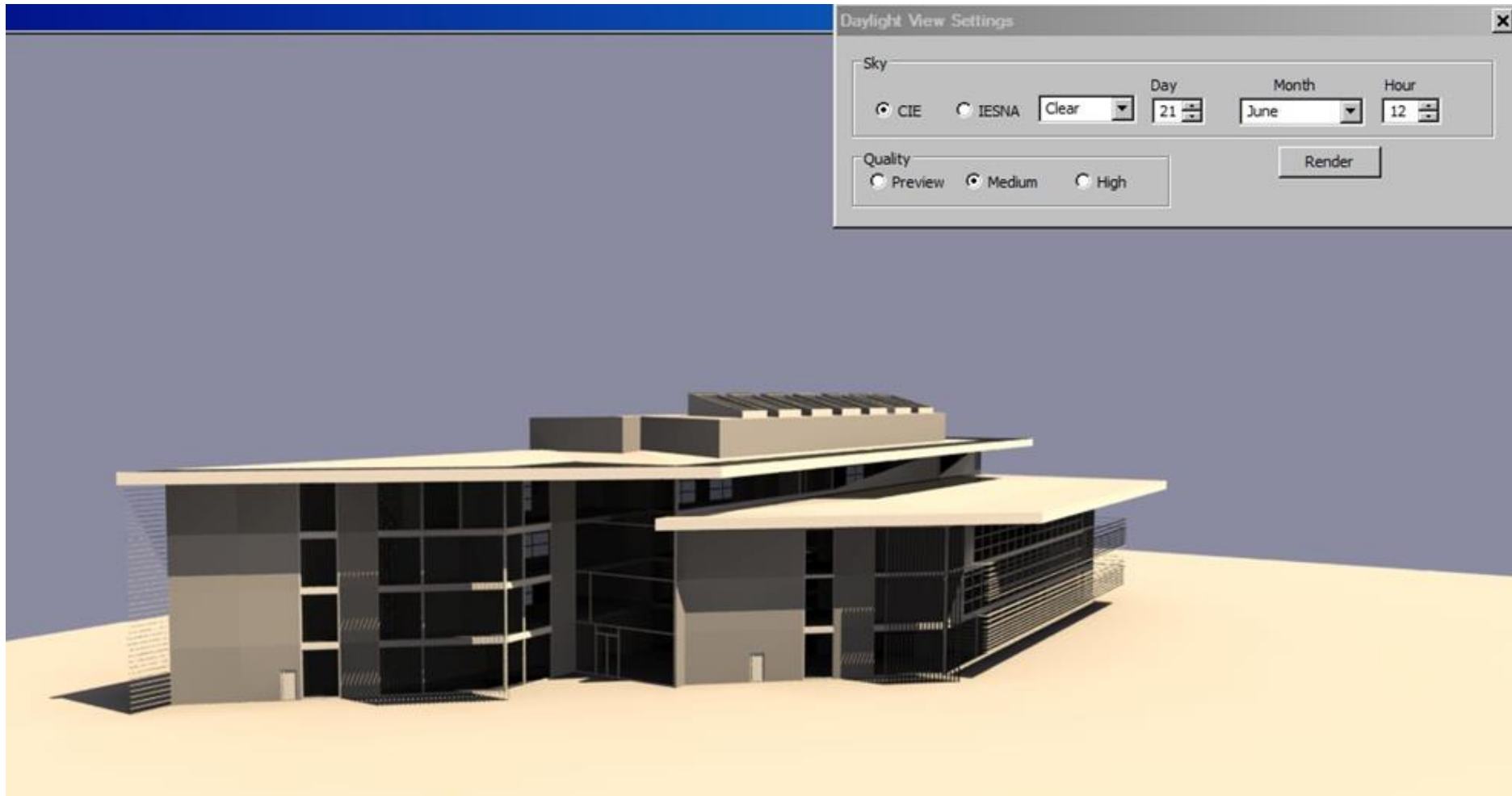
Uses Luminous Efficacy to convert sky solar data to sky lux through the year.



Tas Daylight solar irradiance render (coming soon)



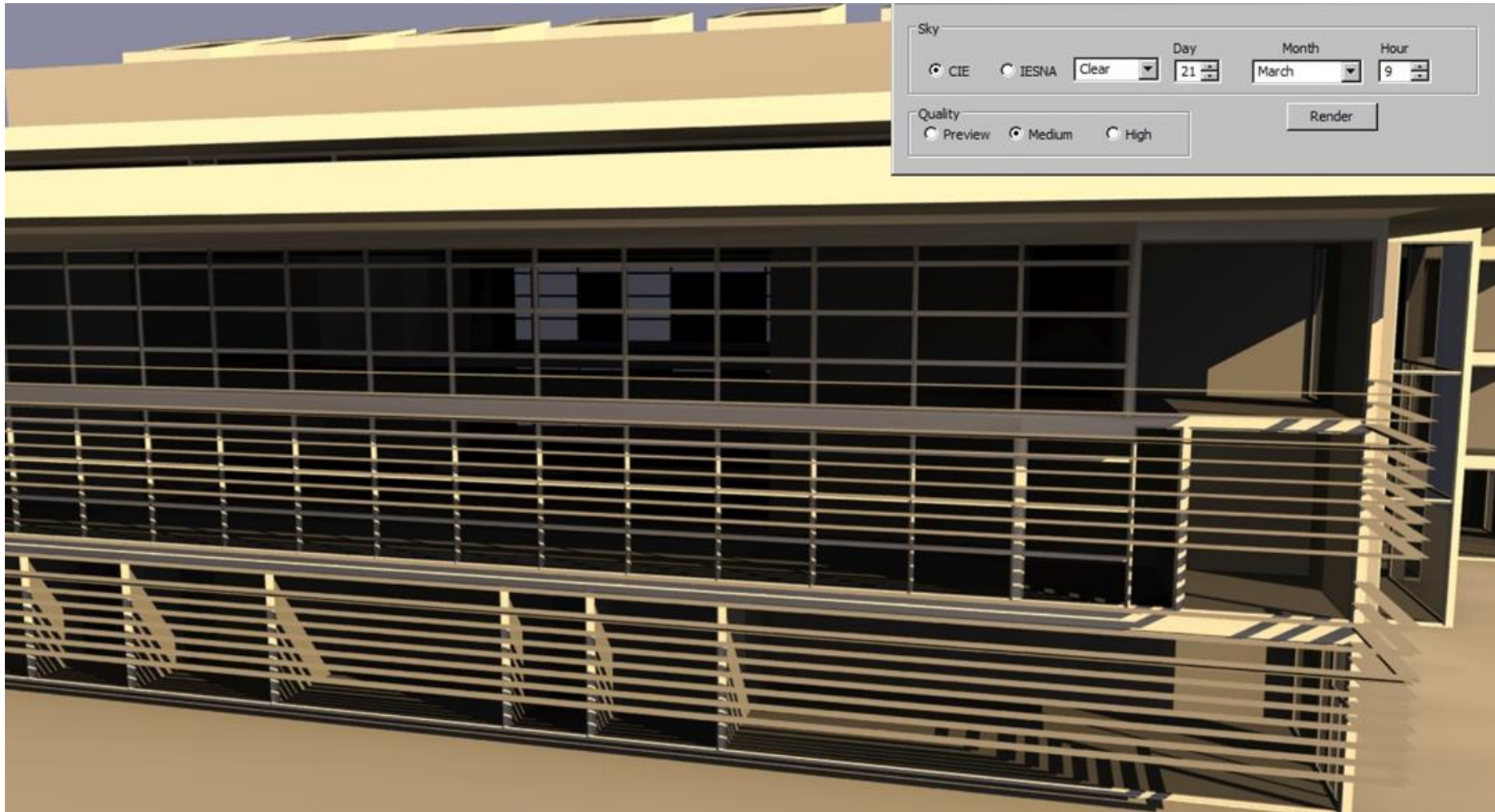
Tas Daylight



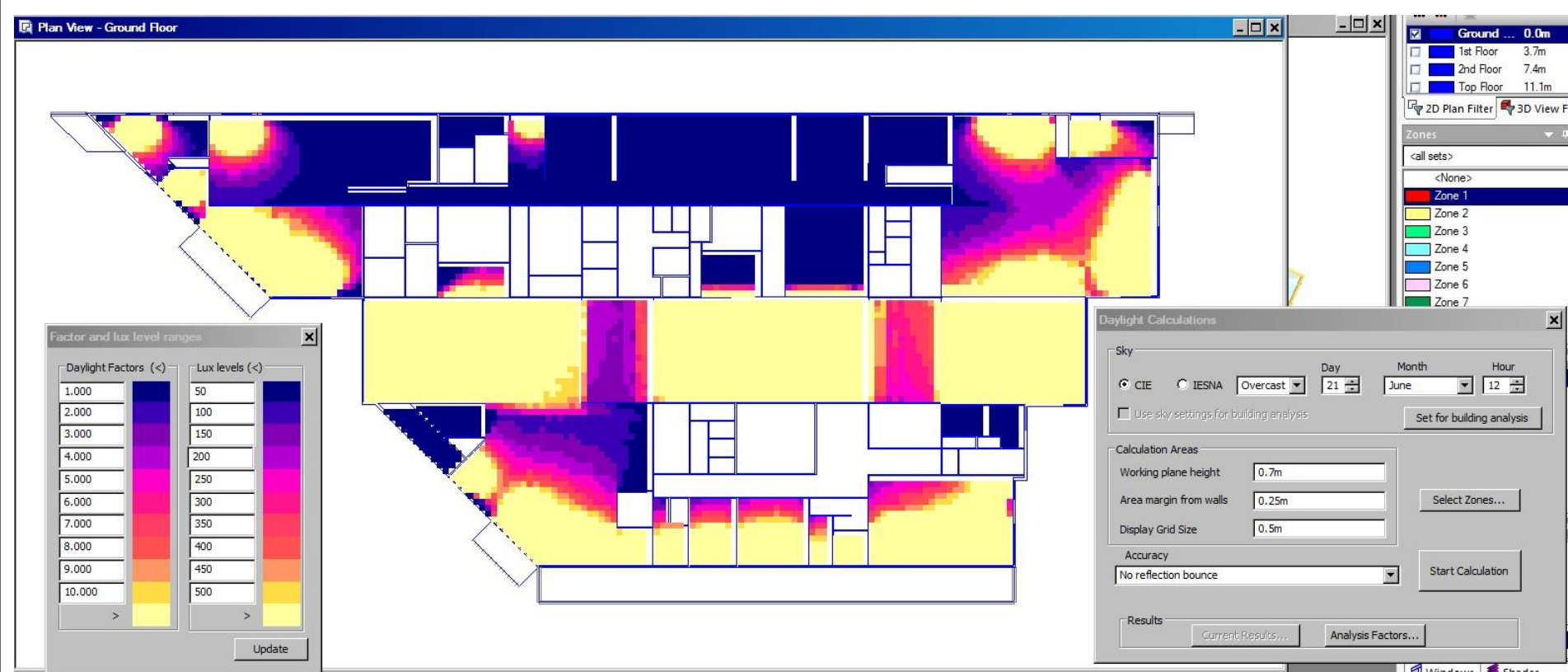
Tas Daylight



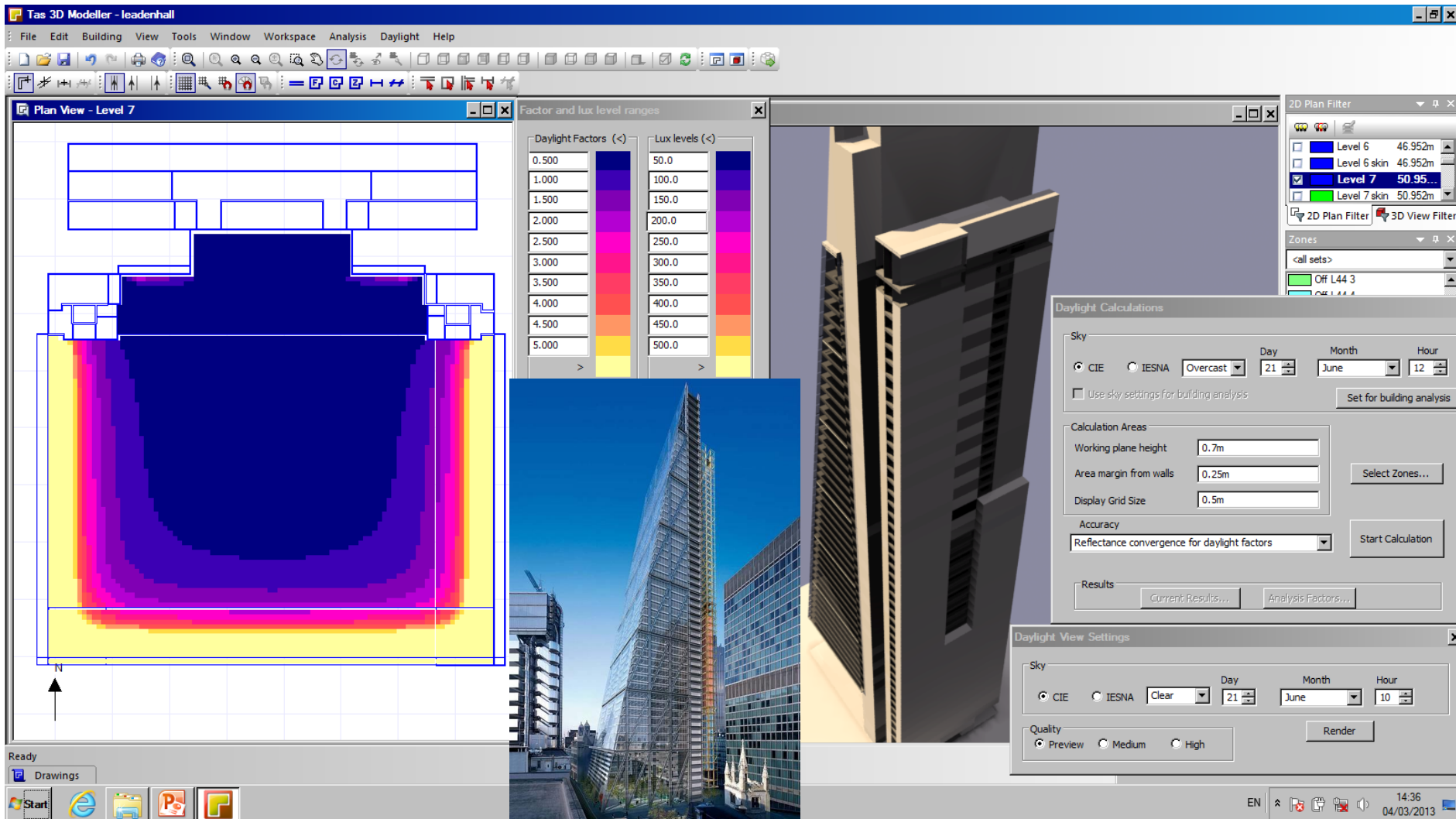
Tas Daylight



Tas Daylight



Tas Daylight



Tas Daylight material render (coming soon)

